Bell Ringer - Solve the equations by factoring.

1. 
$$x^2 + x = 6$$

2. 
$$x^2 - 4x - 8 = 4$$

Bell Ringer - Solve the equations by factoring.

1. 
$$x^{2} + x = 6$$
  
 $x^{2} + x - 6 = 0$   
 $(x + 3)(x - 2) = 0$ 

X = -3 and 2

2. 
$$x^{2} - 4x - 8 = 4$$

$$x^{3} - 4x - 12 = 0$$

$$(x - 6)(x + 2) = 0$$

$$x = 6 \text{ and } -2$$

## Factoring $ax^2 + bx + c$ when a = 1

Factoring quadratics is only possible if the discriminant is a perfect square.

b2 - 4ac

Determine if the quadratic can be factored with integers by finding the discriminant. If yes, then factor. If no, explain why.

1. 
$$x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$$

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$$x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$$
  
discriminant  $b^2 - 4ac$   
Factor  $-4^2 - 4(1)(-5)$   
 $(x-5)(x+1)=0$   $16+20=36$  perfect sq.

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$$x^2 - 4x - 6 = 0$$

3. Write a quadratic equation that has solutions of -13 and 5.

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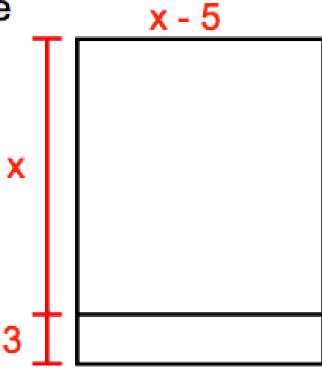
\* need to work backwards
$$(x+13)(x-5)=0$$
For 
$$x^{2}-5x+13x-65=0$$
Combine 
$$x^{2}+8x-65=0$$

4. Write a quadratic equation that has solutions of 3 and -8.

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$$(x-3)(x+8)=0$$
 $x^3+8x-3x-24=0$ 
 $x^3+5x-24=0$ 

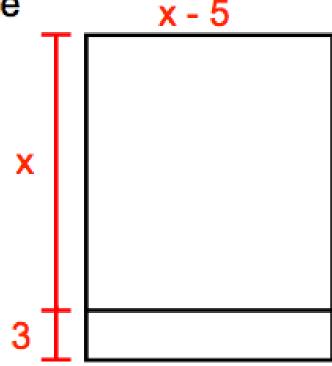
5. Find the dimensions of the rectangle if the area is 33 square feet.



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Area = 
$$l \cdot \omega$$
  
33 =  $(x+3)(x-5)$   
33 =  $x^3 - 5x + 3x - 15$   
0 =  $x^2 - 2x - 48$   
0 =  $(x-8)(x+6)$   
 $x=8$  and  $-6$ 

Only the value of 8 works.



Substitute 8 for x.

Rectangle is 11 ft by 3 ft.